

**2021/TDC(CBCS)/EVEN/SEM/
PHIGEC-601T/075**

**TDC (CBCS) Even Semester Exam.,
September 2021**

**PHILOSOPHY
(6th Semester)**

Course No. : PHIGEC-601T

(Ethics)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 28

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

SECTION—A

Answer any *twenty* of the following questions :

1×20=20

- 1. “Ethics is the study of what is right or good in human conduct.” Who said this?**
- 2. What is the root word of ‘ethics’?**
- 3. Name two rights of man.**

4. "Rights' and duties are correlative to each other."
Is this statement true?
5. Who is the subject of moral judgement?
6. Is moral judgement a judgement of fact or a judgement of value?
7. What is virtue?
8. What is good?
9. How is the moral law known, according to Kant?
10. What does Kant mean by 'categorical imperative'?
11. What is the basic tenet of Kant's rigorism?
12. Which one is superior, according to Kant, sensibility or reason?
13. What, according to Kant, is the supreme good?
14. "Nişkāma Karma means renunciation of actions."
Is this statement true?

15. Who advocated the doctrine of 'duty for duty's sake'?
16. How many Varnas are there in Varnāśrama Dharma?
17. What is the metaphysical assumption on which hedonism is based?
18. Who are the advocates of psychological hedonism?
19. Name two basic forms of hedonim.
20. What are the two forms of ethical hedonism?
21. What is the name of Mill's hedonism?
22. What is the main difference between altruism of Mill and Bentham?
23. What are the four external sanctions mentioned by Bentham to account for the transition from egoism to altruism?
24. What, according to Aristotle, is virtue?

25. What is the meaning of Puruṣārtha?
26. What is the origin of the word 'Dharma'?
27. What is the highest end of life, according to Hindu ethics?
28. In which Noble Truth of Buddhism, we find the theory of action?
29. How many Mahāvratas are there in Jainism?
30. Who is the propounder of Jaina school?
31. Is Buddha a metaphysician or ethical teacher?
32. What are the 'Triratna' or 'three jewels' of Jainism?
33. What is applied ethics?
34. What is environmental ethics?
35. According to Anthropocentrism, "Man is the centre of the universe". Is this statement true?
36. Name two different theories of punishment.

37. Do the humanitarians think that capital punishment is justifiable?
38. What, in your opinion, is the best theory of punishment?
39. Does reformatory theory accept capital punishment?
40. Name two branches of applied ethics.

SECTION—B

Answer any *five* of the following questions : $2 \times 5 = 10$

41. What is the relation between good and right?
42. What are the factors of moral judgement?
43. What is Swadharma?
44. Write the name of the seven dimensions of pleasure admitted by Bentham.
45. What does 'Sarvodaya' mean?
46. What does Kant mean by 'autonomy of will' and 'heteronomy of will'?

47. What does Jainism mean by 'Anuvratas'?
48. What are the four Noble Truths of Buddhism?
49. Name two forms of retributive theory of punishment.
50. Define eco-centrism.

SECTION—C

Answer any *five* of the following questions : 8×5=40

51. Define ethics. Distinguish between normative ethics and metaethics.
52. What is moral judgement? What is the proper object of moral judgement?
53. Explain Bentham's altruistic hedonism. What are its defects?
54. Explain Mahatma Gandhi's concept of Sarvodaya.
55. Explain Kant's notion of 'duty for duty's sake'.

56. Elucidate the concept of Swadharma as we find it in the Bhagavad Gītā.
57. Explain Puruṣārtha as a moral ideal in Hindu ethics.
58. Explain the theory of action in Bauddha ethics.
59. Write a note on Anthropocentrism.
60. Explain the reformatory theory of punishment. What are its merits and defects?

★ ★ ★